



Alternate Learning School Assessment Plan 2023 / 2024

At Sturgeon Public Schools, we dare to reimagine learning through dynamic programming, dedicated teachers, and innovative technologies that keep our schools on the leading edge of education in Alberta.

One of the ways we help all students be successful is by assessing and evaluating what students learn. This guide will help you understand:

- what assessment is, different types and uses;
- responsibilities of staff, students and parents/guardians;
- how your child is assessed; and
- how your child's progress and learning is communicated;

What is Assessment

What is Assessment?

In this guide, the terms assessment and evaluation are used to describe what students have learned and how well they have learned it. Assessment and evaluation aren't just about tests and grades.

Assessment means gathering information about what your child knows, understands, and can demonstrate based on the Alberta curriculum or a student's Individualized Program Plan (IPP).

Purpose of Assessment

Assessment refers to the process of collecting, interpreting, and communicating information about a student's progress in relation to the learning outcomes.

Formative Assessment

Formative assessment, or assessment for learning, is an ongoing exchange of information between students and teachers to:

- inform students, about their progress towards achieving the intended learning outcome(s),
- identify the gains and difficulties students are experiencing in what they are being asked to learn or perform,
- provide specific, descriptive and meaningful feedback that encourages growth, and
- inform teachers of student progress, allowing timely adjustments to instruction where necessary.





Summative Assessment

Summative assessment, or assessment of learning, refers to assessment that takes place after an instructional segment such as a group of integrated lessons, unit, reporting period or grade to:

- describe the degree to which each student can demonstrate the achievement of learning outcomes as set out in the programs of study,
- provide accurate information of each student's strengths and areas of need to inform teachers evaluations and communication to students and parents/guardians, and
- evaluate the effectiveness of the instruction used during the instructional segment to inform future teaching practice.

Achievement of Academic Outcomes

Teachers ensure that a variety of assessment techniques are used to measure student growth and achievement. Teachers use a combination of observations, conversations and products to inform student achievement. A student's final standing in any course is based on a number of indicators of achievement throughout the term.

Outcome Based Reporting

Outcomes based reporting is a method of assessing and reporting student learning based on learning goals or outcomes. Students, families and teachers have clarity around learning goals and student progress towards learning goals is clear. Outcomes based reporting provides explanations of how well students demonstrate key learning outcomes (on the report card) and essential skills and procedures (through PowerTeacherPro).

Instead of a grade on an assignment, students receive a grade on the learning outcome(s) or essential skill(s) and procedure(s) they are learning. Best practice around outcomes based reporting includes listing learning outcomes in simple, clear language that makes sense to students and their families.

Social Skills and Development/Growth as a Learner Outcomes (Grades 1-6)

Evaluation of student growth as a learner and development of personal and social skills is reported separate from academic achievement of learner outcomes.

Work Ethic (Grades 7-12)

Evaluation of student work ethic is reported separate from academic and achievement of learner outcomes.

Grade Scales

Division Grade Scales [Linked Here](#)





Shared Responsibility

We all have a role to play to ensure student success.

Parent/guardians can support learning by:

- working in partnership with school staff;
- staying informed and keeping in touch with school staff. This includes reading newsletters, interacting with PowerSchool Parent Portal etc.; and
- attending parent-teacher conferences.

Teachers will support student learning by:

- providing suitable programming for each student;
- providing many opportunities and different ways for students to show what they know;
- providing multiple opportunities for students to submit missing work, while maintaining ongoing communication with parents/guardians;
- clearly explaining what's expected of students in all courses and how student work will be graded/marked (i.e. course outline);
- keeping detailed, accurate notes describing student successes and challenges;
- communicating regularly about student progress and achievement; and
- providing opportunities for parents to be involved in the learning process.

Students have a responsibility for their own learning and are expected to:

- come to school regularly and punctually;
- actively engage in learning activities, projects, and tasks to the best of their ability;
- participate in activities to celebrate learning;
- demonstrate their learning; and
- take advantage of opportunities to demonstrate growth in their knowledge and skills.

Communicating Assessment

There are many ways we help you stay informed about your child's learning throughout the year. We encourage you to review your child's reports and attend conferences regularly.

Reporting Periods or Terms, End of Year Report Card

SPVA marks are Dec 11, 2023 and Apr 3, 2023 . Please check Powerschool regularly for updates on assignments and marks.










Parent Teacher Conferences

November 2 and March 14 all learners and their parents / guardians are invited in for connection with teachers from 3:00pm -9:00pm.

SPS Approved Report Card Codes

Code	Explanation
NG	No Grade communicates achievement for all students where there is not enough information to assess a student on their achievement. Final grade is exempt from the student average. “No Grade” is also used to communicate achievement for students accessing modified programming in their age typical classroom.
INC	The course has been attempted and is not complete. Final grade is exempt from the student average.

SPS Approved Assessment Codes for Learning Outcomes / Assignments

Code	Explanation
 Collected	The student has completed the assessment. No mark is calculated.
 Incomplete	The assessment has been turned in/attempted/observed and is not complete. No mark is calculated.
 Missing	The student has not turned in, or performed, an assessment. No mark is calculated.
 Absent	The student was absent during the assessment. Teacher is responsible for communicating the procedure for determining and submitting work during an absence. No mark is calculated.
 Late	The assessment is late. No mark is calculated.
	The teacher has determined, using professional judgment, that a student is exempt from completing an assessment. No mark is calculated.
NG	The teacher does not have enough information to assess a student on their achievement of the learning outcome/assignment. No mark is calculated.





	No Grade is also used to communicate achievement for students accessing modified programming in their age typical classroom.
NHI	<p>The teacher has not received an assessment from a student. A mark of 0 is used as a placeholder until the assessment is submitted.</p> <p>Multiple opportunities must be provided to the student to submit an assignment and ongoing communication must occur with students, and parents/guardians. Used in Junior High and High School only.</p>

Benchmark and Screening Assessments

Division or provincial benchmark or screening assessment tools help teachers better understand the current skills or understanding students have. They allow teachers to program more accurately or build review and support materials for student growth and success. They are not considered as evidence for grading.

Grade	Literacy	Grade	Numeracy
1-2	Letter Name-Sound (LeNS) Helps understand foundational phonics skills.	1-4	Alberta Education Numeracy Screener Helps identify general number sense development and can be used to address early gaps in number knowledge.
2-4	Castles and Coltheart (CC3) Helps identify single word reading, phonological decoding and whole word recognition.		
1-4+	Fountas and Pinnell (F&P) Helps understand reading behaviours such as rate, prosody, decoding, fluency and comprehension.	7-9	Math Intervention / Programming Instrument (MIPI) Helps evaluate a student's understanding of the Alberta mathematics curriculum taught at the previous grade level.
5+	Reading Comprehension Assessment Tool (RCAT) Helps identify areas of strength and need with regard to specific skill categories of reading comprehension (Identify and Interpret Ideas, Interpret Text Organization, Associate Meaning, Make Connections, and Evaluate).		





Classroom Assessment

Missing or incomplete work

Teachers communicate with students and parents/guardians promptly and regularly about missing or incomplete student work.

Blank or missing assignments will be recorded as an NHI. At SPVA and the Learning Centres we reach out to students first then parents and / or guardians when concerns arise.

Course Outlines

Course outlines are posted on the website and posted in Powerschool.

Role of Homework

Homework is meant to:

- help support your child's learning;
- reinforce what your child learned in school; and
- give your child meaningful practice.

Teachers work hard to ensure that homework assignments are meaningful, purposeful, and considerate of students' developmental stages.

Course Summative Assessment (Gr. 7-12)

Course summative assessment will not exceed the following weighting: Junior High 10 % and Senior High 30%.

Please see the course outline for weightings on all courses.

Academic Integrity

Cheating is not acceptable. This includes plagiarism (claiming someone else's work as your own), copying another's work, stealing tests or assignments, and getting answers for a test or assignment in advance. Cheating also includes giving answers or work to others to claim as their own. If your child is suspected of plagiarism or cheating, their teacher will meet with them and take the following action:

Plagiarism includes:

- submitting or presenting work that was done by someone else





- submitting work that is taken from another source and not referenced properly
- submitting work in one course that has already been submitted/assessed in another course
- submitting work that is copied from another person
- allowing someone to submit your work as their own
- submitting your work that has already been assessed

Cheating on tests or examinations includes:

- communicating with other students during the assessment
- bringing unauthorized materials or devices into the exam room
- attempting to read another student's answers
- leaving your exam paper exposed
- providing or gaining access to questions and/or answers for a test or assignment in advance

Final Exam or Final Course Grade Appeal Process

To appeal the grade/mark your child has been given, contact the classroom teacher. If the situation is unable to be resolved with the teacher, the appeal can be brought forward to the principal. The principal's decision is considered final as per the [Education Act](#).

Appeals must be done within two weeks of completing a final exam.

Individualized Program Plans (IPPs) and Learning Plans (LPs)

“this grade is a reflection of the student's current level of achievement with accommodations as outlined in students or LP”.

Provincial Assessments

Provincial Achievement Tests (PATs)

Provincial Achievement Tests are administered annually to all Alberta students in grades 6 and 9. These standardized tests reflect the essentials that all Alberta students are expected to achieve, regardless of school choice or location. The PAT Schedule is determined by Alberta Education and is shared by schools when available.

PATs help:





- determine if students are learning what they are expected to learn,
- report to Albertans how well students have achieved provincial standards at given points in their schooling,
- assist schools, authorities and the province in monitoring and improving student learning.

Diploma Examinations (DIPs)

The Grade 12 Diploma Examinations Program has three main purposes:

- to certify the level of individual student achievement in selected Grade 12 courses;
- to ensure that province-wide standards of achievement are maintained; and
- to report individual and group results.

The program has diploma exams in selected Grade 12 courses: Biology 30, Chemistry 30, English Language Arts 30–1, English Language Arts 30–2, Français 30–1, French Language Arts 30–1, Mathematics 30–1, Mathematics 30–2, Physics 30, Science 30, Social Studies 30–1, and Social Studies 30–2.

To receive a high school diploma, students are required to write at least two diploma exams, either English Language Arts 30–1 or English Language Arts 30–2 and either Social Studies 30–1 or Social Studies 30–2.

Weighting is determined by the province. Currently the Diploma Examination comprises 30% of a course grade. Diploma Examination Schedules are determined by Alberta Education and shared by schools when available.

